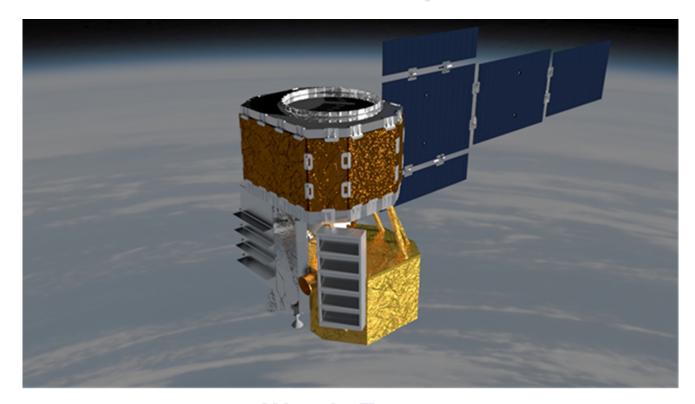
9th HyspIRI Science and Applications Workshop Overview and Update



Insul

Woody Turner HyspIRI Co-Program Scientist Earth Science Division NASA Headquarters October 18, 2017



HyspIRI Objectives and Approach

Key Global Science and Applications Research

Climate: Ecosystem biochemistry, condition & feedback; spectral albedo; carbon/dust on snow/ice; biomass burning; evapotranspiration

Ecosystems: *Global* biodiversity, plant functional types, physiological condition, and biochemistry including agricultural lands

Fires: Fuel status; fire frequency, severity, emissions, and patterns of recovery *globally*

Coral reef and coastal habitats: *Global* composition and status **Volcanoes:** Eruptions, emissions, regional and *global* impacts **Geology and resources:** *Global* distributions of surface mineral resources and improved understanding of geology and related hazards

Applications: Disasters, EcoForecasting, Health/AQ, Water

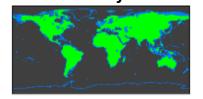
Measurement

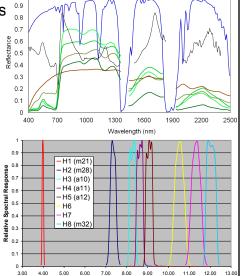
Imaging Spectrometer (VSWIR)

- 380 to 2510nm in ≤10nm bands
- 30 m spatial sampling
- 16 days revisit
- Global land and shallow water

Thermal Infrared (TIR)

- 8 bands between 4-12 μm
- 60 m spatial sampling
- 5 days revisit; day/night
- Global land and shallow water IPM-Low Latency data subsets

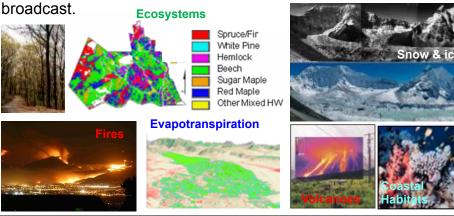




Wavelength (um

Global Mission Urgency

The HyspIRI science and applications objectives are critical today and uniquely addressed by the combined imaging spectroscopy, thermal infrared measurements, and IPM direct



Mission Concept Status

Level 1 Measurement Requirements: Vetted by community at workshops and in literature (many refereed journal articles) Payload: VSWIR Imaging Spectrometer, TIR Multi-spectral Radiometer, and Intelligent Payload Module (IPM) Original 60 m option: Mature

ISS options: VSWIR & TIR Mature, ECOSTRESS EVI selected **Separate Smallsat Mission option:** VSWIR and TIR solutions developed with TEAM I/X

2016 Option: HyspIRI VSWIR evolved to 30 m and 16 day global revisit. Requires F/1.8 Dyson spectrometer architecture and other current technologies.

Preparatory airborne campaigns: Measurements used to advance and refine science, applications, algorithms, and processing

Current Decadal Survey: >25 HyspIRI-related Dec. Sur. RFIs



Workshop Overview

Tuesday

- Status of HyspIRI Mission Concept
- Science Talks across Disciplines (including results from airborne campaigns and

Decadal Survey papers)

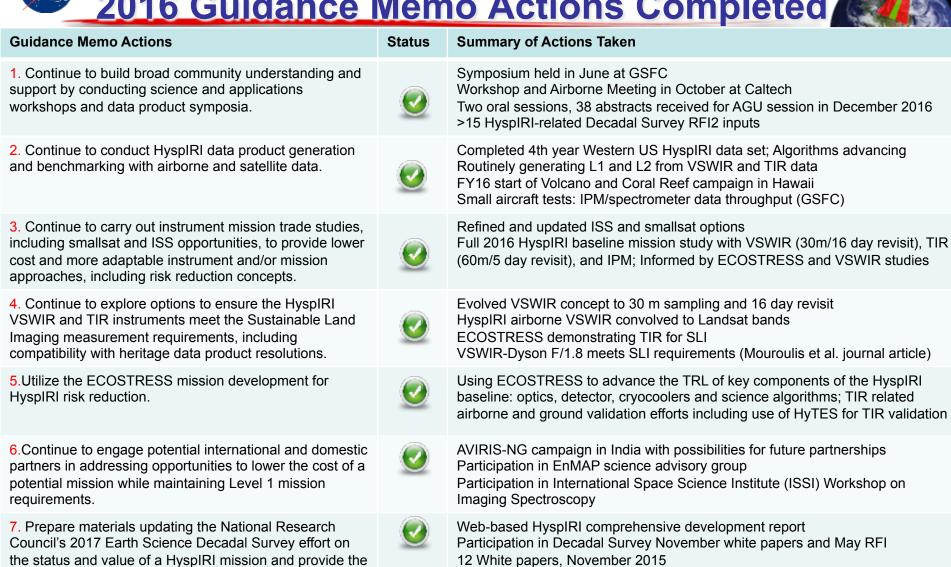
Wednesday

- Science Talks
- AVIRIS-NG in India Campaign Update
- Poster Session
- ECOSTRESS Talks

Thursday

- Talks on Managing HyspIRI Data and Product Generation
- Mission Concept Studies
- Related Sensor Talks
- Decadal Survey Town Hall Inputs

Overall FY16 Progress 2016 Guidance Memo Actions Completed



>15 RFI2 responses, May 2016

The comprehensive development report has been updated The HyspIRI website has been updated to support NASA and NRC efforts

8. Refine and update the HyspIRI comprehensive development report that documents and provides broad access for the NRC and others to the work completed by the HyspIRI team.

NRC with options for accomplishing the mission.



Pre-Formulation Review

- FY2016 funding level from 2016 guidance = \$2.36M
 - Included \$360,000 over guide request for simulated HyspIRI TIR scene
- Requested FY2017 funding of \$2.6M
 - \$2M in guide
 - \$600,000 over guide for IPM, TIR, and VSWIR detector work
- Draft 2017 guidance memo with Eric lanson with a target release date of end October
- Plan for FY2018 is to receive 6 months of FY2018 funding with future continuation determined by the outcome of the NRC Decadal Survey



Technical Progress in FY2016

- Refined and benchmarked atmospheric correction and cal/val algorithms
- VSWIR-Dyson F/1.8 prototype has been running at cryogenic temperatures for 9 months; it can be scaled to support 30 m and 16 day revisit; full characterization, calibration and acquisition of relevant spectra achieved
- Tracking ECOSTRESS development and identifying those components that advance the HyspIRI TRL and those components requiring further work for HyspIRI
- Updated full HyspIRI concept with Team-X study for combined VSWIR, TIR, and IPM at VSWIR 30 m and 16 day revisit; TIR uses ECOSTRESS maturing technology; Ka band and lossless compression (4x for VSWIR/3x for TIR) with cloud screening allows downlink of all VSWIR and TIR data
- Testing VSWIR and TIR with latest lossless compression algorithm; now a Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) standard
- IPM demonstrated 4.8 Gbps composite ingest rate on 8 Low Voltage Differential Signal (LVDS) lines, which is likely method to tap data from SWIR; 1.7 Gbps throughput for Level 1 Radiometric (L1R) correction previously demonstrated, but should shortly demonstrate 4.8 Gbps L1R and L1 Geometric Correction
- Comprehensive report summarizing multi-year effort of HyspIRI concept study team reviewed and made available for web distribution through the HyspIRI website: <u>http://hyspiri.jpl.nasa.gov/comprehensive-development-report</u>

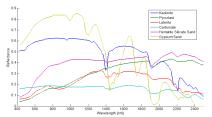
ECOSTRESS



VSWIR-Dyson



VSWIR-Dyson Test Lab Spectra

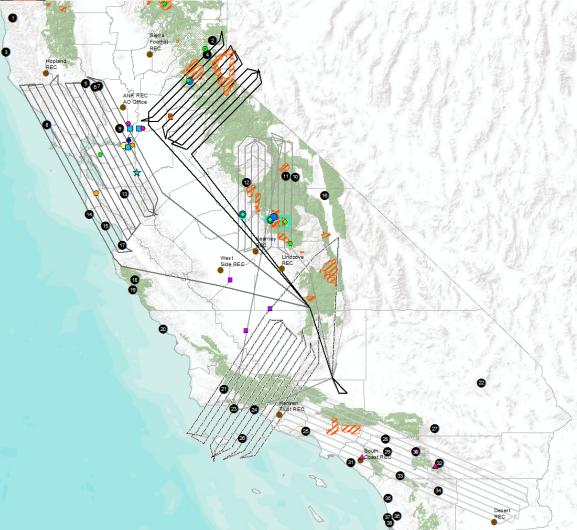


HyspIRI Airborne Preparatory Mission



3 Seasonal Flights Over 5 Boxes/Soda Straw in 2013, 2014, 2015 To Simulate HyspIRI Satellite Imagery - Complete

ER-2	AVIRIS	AVIRIS	MASTER Resolution 50 m	MASTER
Altitude	Resolution	Swath	Resolution	Swath
65,000 ft	20 m	12 km	50 m	35 km



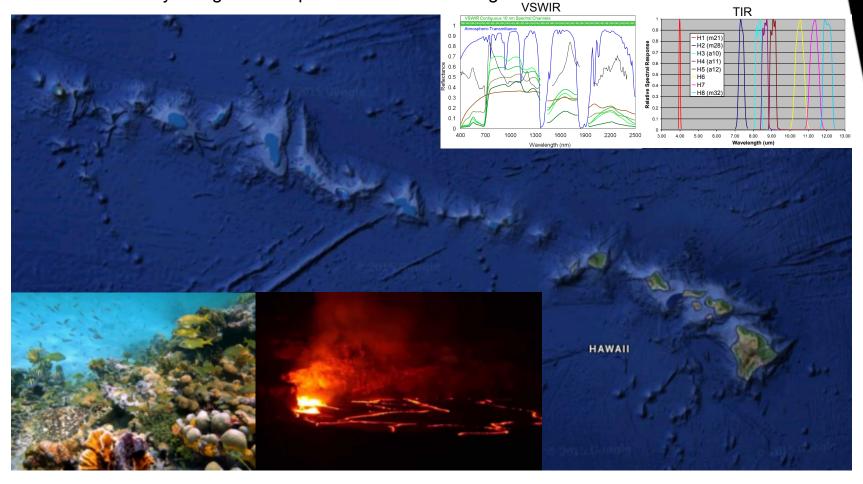


PI TEAM:

- Wendy Calvin/University of Nevada Reno
- Matthew Clark/Sonoma State University
- Bo-Cai Gao/Naval Research Laboratory
- Bernard Hubbard/U. S. Geological Survey
- Darrel Jenerette/University of California, Riverside
- Thomas Kampe/NEON
- Raphael Kudela/University of California, Santa Cruz
- Ira Leifer/University of California, Santa Barbara
- Dongdong Wang/University of Maryland
- Paul Moorcroft/Harvard University
- Dar Roberts/University of California, Santa Barbara
- Philip Townsend/University of Wisconsin-Madison
- Susan Ustin/University of California, Davis
- Jan van Aardt/Rochester Institute of Technology

HyspIRI Volcano and Coral Reef Airborne Campaign

- EV-S CORAL campaigns in 2016-2017 with PRISM imaging spectrometer
- HyspIRI Preparatory Airborne Activities and Associated Science: Coral Reef and Volcano Research
 - 10 investigations selected with data acquisition in early 2017
 - Test Level 1 and 2 products for VSWIR and TIR HyspIRI-type measurement
 - Advance maturity of higher level products and related algorithms



38 Abstracts Submitted to AGU Session

Two oral sessions allocated by AGU

CAGU FALL MEETING San Francisco | 12–16 December 2016

SEARCH KEYWORDS	GC029: Earth Science Results from New Imaging Spectroscopy Measurements around the Globe	
SEARCH SECTIONS AND FOCUS GROUPS		
SEARCH CONVENER/AUTHOR	Session ID#: 13023	
LOGIN	Session Description: In 2015/16, advanced airborne imaging spectrometers operated by NASA and other agencies pursued science campaigns spanning new and diverse environments worldwide. Regions included Greenland, India, the Southern Ocean, the South Pacific. United States, Europe and elsewhere. This session will present salient new results from these diverse investigations. It will highlight algorithmic advances, challenges and opportunities related to regional diversity, preparing for new capabilities from orbital imaging spectrometers such as EnMAP and future missions with full global coverage. Submissions will demonstrate new measurements for land, ocean, cryosphere, and atmosphere science. Examples include: terrestrial ecosystem function, health, and biodiversity: ocean, coastal, benthic and inland water properties; urban land cover condition; snow and ice climate and water resource factors; measurement of the atmosphere including local methane sources; and surface geology related to resources, soils, and hazards. We will also examine calibration, algorithms, and field methodology ensuring continued consistency in global Earth system science. Primary Convener: David R Thompson , Jet Propulsion >Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, United States Conveners: Robert O Green , Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA, United States, Elizabeth Middleton, NASA Goddard Space Flight Cen., Greenbelt, MD, United States and Thomas H Painter , NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA, United States Cross-Listed: A - Atmospheric Sciences B - Blogeosciences C - Cryosphere OS - Ocean Sciences Index Terms: 0410 Biodiversity [BIOGEOSCIENCES] 1635 Diogeochemical cycles, processes, and modeling [GLOBAL CHANGE] 1635 Oceans [GLOBAL CHANGE]	



AVIRIS-NG NASA and ISRO Airborne Campaign in India

Ecosystem and Agriculture

(U)

This joint airborne campaign is providing <u>first-of-their-kind</u> high fidelity imaging spectroscopy measurements of a diverse set of <u>South Asian environments</u> for science and applications research.



57 diverse science sites measured

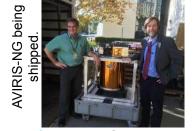
The campaign enables new scientific and applications research in these unique environments:

- Natural ecosystems
- Water resources, snow and ice
- Geology and natural hazards
- Coastal and inland waters, coral reefs
- Agricultural lands and urban areas

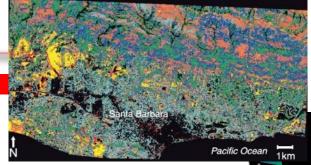
This joint science and applications could lead to a future joint space mission to provide routine access to this class of measurement for both nations.

Pre campaign Science Meeting Sept 2015

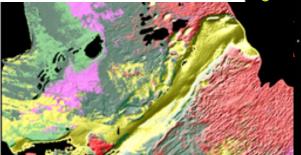




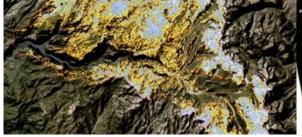
https://avirisng.jpl.nasa.gov/cgi/flights.cgi?step=view_all_flights = Quicklooks



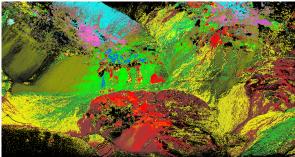
Asian Coastal Waters



Dust and Black Carbon on Snow & Ic



New Geological Regimes





- HyspIRI-enabled science and applications are unique and urgent in this period of climate change.
- The technologies are ready for HyspIRI now.
 - ECOSTRESS is maturing the TIR capability for a subset of HyspIRI-TIR bands.
 - The F/1.8 VSWIR-Dyson is maturing the VSWIR solution for 30 m and 16 day revisit.
- The HyspIRI mission concept team and science study group is supporting the current Decadal Survey.
- There are potential international partnership opportunities at multiple levels.
- The JPL and GSFC HyspIRI Mission Concept team has performed exceptionally well. The team is committed to supporting NASA in FY17 and in the future as appropriate to achieve the HyspIRI science and applications research objectives.



THANK YOU

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